

Summer Math Learning Packet

Students entering Grade 6

The daily activities in this summer math packet will review math concepts and skills of the grade that has just been completed during the prior school year. Just a few minutes each day spent "thinking and talking math" will help reinforce the math that has been learned and begin to bridge the foundation for extending to the concepts that will be developed next year. The goal is for you to have fun thinking and working collaboratively to communicate mathematical ideas. While you are working ask how the solution was found and why a particular strategy was chosen.

The math practice in this summer packet address the Fairfield Public School Curriculum for Mathematics which incorporates the Common Core Standards addressing these 3 critical areas in grade 5:

- 1) Developing fluency with addition and subtraction of fractions, and developing understanding of the multiplication of fractions and of division of fractions in limited cases (unit fractions divided by whole numbers and whole numbers divided by unit fractions)
- 2) Extending division to 2-digit divisors, integrating decimal fractions into the place value system and developing understanding of operations with decimals to hundredths, and developing fluency with whole number and decimal operations
- 3) Developing understanding of volume.

The packet consists of 2 calendar pages, one for June/July and one for August, as well as directions for math games to be played at home. Literature, worksheets, APPs and websites are also recommended to explore mathematics in new ways. We encourage you to complete at least 15 math days each month. Keep track of your math in a journal.

	Educational	and Fun APPS and Websites to Practice Ma	th
		Student Accountability	
course of the summ	ner. I recorded my minutes on	reek, practicing math. I completed at least 250 – 30 the tracking sheet. I returned the recording sheet k of my mathematical thinking.	-
-	Print Name	Student Signature	Date

Websites:	Great Math Books to Read:
Here are websites that you can access at the Fairfield Public Library if you do not have a computer at home. You can record your activity on the "Create Your Own Summer Math Calendar!" sheet provided. http://www.ixl.com/ http://www.figurethis.org/index.html http://nrich.maths.org/frontpage http://www.khanacademy.org/ http://mathforum.org/index.html http://www.coolmath4kids.com/ http://www.figurethis.org/index.html	A Gebra Named Al by Windy Isdell Math Curse by Jon Scieszka Chasing Vermeer by BlueBalliett Sir Cumference & the Dragon of Pi by Cindy Neuschwander Sir Cumference & the First Roundtable by Cindy Neuschwander Sir Cumference & the Great Knight of Angleland by Cindy Neuschwander Sir Cumference & the Sword in the Cone by Cindy Neuschwander Sir Cumference & the Sword in the Cone by Cindy Neuschwander Number Devil: A Mathematical Adventure by Hans Magnus Enzensberger Counting on Frank by Rod Clement Guinness Book of Records by Time Inc Mathematicians are People Too by Luetta Reimer & Wilbert
http://www.thinkingblocks.com/ http://mathplayground.com/ http://illuminations.nctm.org/activitysearch.aspx	Reimer Wilder Wilder

APPS to Practice Math!

This is a great, fun way to get practice with math skills on a smartphone or iPad. Many of these Apps are free or inexpensive. There are lots of other apps out there, but these are some of our favorites.

APPS	APPS
Nine Gaps	iCut Deluxe
Khan Academy	Math Doodles
Math Zombie	Flash to Pass
Math Bingo	Sumdog
Math Hunt	Sushi Monster,
Symmetry Shuffle	Slice It!
Kakooma	Ratio rumble
Deep sea duel	Chicken coop fractions
Pick a path	Zoom math
Lobster diver	Super 7
Math matrix	Pizza shop and slide 1000
Middle School Math HD	

Worksheets to Practice Math

http://www.commoncoresheets.com/

	6 th Grade Summer Work Calendar							
	June/July							
End of June/First Week of July	Day 1 With partner, put 5 cards face up. Turn a 6th card, to be a Target Card. Each player uses the cards to make the Target Card #. All 5 cards must be used only once. Use +, -, x, and/or ÷.	Day 2 Use four 4's to create problems that will equal 1-12. Remember to use the correct order of operations to solve your problems: Parentheses, Exponents, Multiply or Divide, Add or Subtract.	Day 3 286,489 is an odd number. How many times greater is the 8 in the ten thousands place than the 8 in the tens place? Explain your thinking	Day 4 Six friends have 4 sandwiches to share. What fraction of a sandwich which each person get?	Day 5 Determine the sum and difference: $2\frac{1}{4} + 5\frac{5}{8}$ $3\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{3}$			
Week 2	Day 6 Express the number 50 in at least 25 different ways. Use all 4 operations and include fractions and decimals.	Day 7 Write an expression for: Add 2 and 4 and multiply the sum by 3. Next, add 5 to that product and double the result.	Day 8 Try a new activity at http://www.coolmath4kids.com/ Challenge yourself. What did you chose to do?	Day 9 On Saturday 3/4 of a 5th grade class went to see a new movie. If 1/2 of the class went to the afternoon session, what fraction of the class went to the evening session?	Day 10 Count cricket chirps for 15 sec. Add 39. This will give you the F. temp outside. Try it on 3 different days. Does it work?			
Week 3	Day 11 Choose a favorite professional athlete and research his/her annual salary. How much does s/he earn in a month? A day?	Day 12 A rectangle is twice as long as it is wide. Its width is 5.5 cm. Find the area of the rectangle.	Day 13 The sum of two mixed numbers with unlike denominators is $5\frac{3}{5}$. What might the two mixed numbers be? Show as many different solutions as you can.	Day 14 A California Condor has a 114 inch wingspan. How many feet is that?	Day 15 You have $2\frac{5}{8}$ pizzas to share equally with 3 people. How much pizza will each person get?			
Week 4	Day 16 Each day, Monday through Friday, a baker uses 1 ¼ sacks of flour when baking cakes. Will the baker use more than or less than 5 sacks of flour from Monday through Friday?	Day 17 Place parentheses in the following equation to make it true. $6 + 6 \div 6 \times 6 - 6 = 0$	Day 18 Deal 3 cards to make a 3- digit number. Even numbers are whole numbers. Odd numbers are decimals. Repeat this. Add the 2 #s. Turn over 3 new cards per turn. Continue to add the # to last score. Game to 300.	Day 19 Tom built a backyard pen for his new puppy. The length of the pen was $6\frac{1}{4}$ meters and the width was 4 meters. What is the area of the pen?	Day 20 Multiply two fractions together to get the number 1. What do you notice?			
Week 5	Day 21 Write a story for this problem: 2 ÷ 1/3.	Day 22 0.75 is the answer. What could the question possibly be? Challenge yourself to think of more questions.	Day 23 Can you use 1/8 x 2/5 to solve the problem? There is 2/5 of a pizza left. If Jamie eats another 1/8 of the original whole pizza, what fraction of the original pizza will be left over? Explain	Day 24 Read <u>Guinness Book of Records</u> by Time Inc. What record surprised you the most? Why?	Day 25 Choose a geometry activity at Math Illuminations http://illuminations.nctm.org /activitysearch.aspx			

	6 th Grade Summer Work Calendar							
	August							
Week 6	Day 26 Is a 3 gallon pitcher large enough to hold 25 pints of juice? Explain	Day 27 Play Suduko from the newspaper. How did logic help you to solve the puzzle?	Day 28 How many blades of grass are in a square yard of your backyard? Use logic, measurement, and problem solving strategies to find the answer.	Day 29 Read a book from the suggested "Great Math Books to Read" What new math did you discover?	Day 30 Write a word problem for the equations 1/2 x 2/3 = X Solve it!			
Week 7	Day 31 There are 3 pizzas. Each child will get 1/4 of a pizza. How many children will get pizza?	Day 32 Find the sum and difference between two decimals. Compare the two decimals using >, =, and < symbols.	Day 33 Visit the website Figure this and look for a real life math challenge. http://www.figurethis.org/index.html	Day 34 Find a fraction or decimal in the newspaper. What did it relate to?	Day 35 If you spend \$100.00 a day, how many days will it take to spend a million dollars? How many years is that? What would you buy?			
Week 8	Day 36 Have fun with addition magic squares: http://www.k- 5mathteachingresources.com/p rivacy-policy.html	Day 37 I am a number less than 50. When divided by 5, my remainder is 4. Who am I? Is there more than 1 correct answer?	Day 38 Evaluate the following numerical expression. 2×(5+3×2+4) Can the parentheses in this expression be removed without changing the value of the expression?	Day 39 Jen is 12. Amy is 13. In 25 years, what will be the product of their ages?	Day 40 Leo & Mia are comparing the product of 60×225 to the product of 30×225. Mia says she can compare these products without multiplying the numbers. Explain how she might do this.			
Week 9	Day 41 A box 2 centimeters high, 3 centimeters wide, and 5 centimeters long can hold 40 grams of clay. A second box has twice the height, three times the width, and the same length as the first box. How many grams of clay can it hold?	Day 42 Find the sum of the digits of your phone number. What numbers is it divisible by?	Day 43 If you buy 3 books at \$3.95 each, how much change would you get from \$20.00?	Day 44 Determine the product and quotient: $10.95 \div 1.5$ 2.1×5.9	Day 45 YOU DID IT! Please bring your journal to your sixth grade teacher on the first day of school!			

Date	Website (Give Name)	Activity	Content Focus	Book Name (Give Name)	Minutes Worked	Parent Initial
7/5/14	That Quiz	Exponents	Learning rules of exponents		15 minutes	PLR

Date	Website (Give Name)	Activity	Content Focus	Book Name (Give Name)	Minutes Worked	Parent Initial
8/5/16	That Quiz	Exponents	Learning rules of exponents		15 minutes	PLR

Grade 6 Answer Key

Answers will vary for many of the activities depending on the choices students make. Here are the answers for activities with specific solutions.

Day 1

Parentheses may be used to group calculations and to indicate the order in which calculations are to be performed. Players must write out their solutions.

Sample hand: Cards: 1, 3, 7, 1, 8 Target Card: 1 One possible solution: $[(3-1)+7]-(8 \div 1)=1$

The first player to reach a solution says "Target!" and then explains his/her solution. If the solution is correct, the player receives 1 point for that round. If the player cannot explain the solution or the solution is not correct, the player receives a -1 for that round.

After 10 rounds the winner is the player with the most points.

Day 2

Order of operations:

The rules of which calculation comes first in an expression.

Do everything inside parentheses first, ()

Then do exponents, like x^2

Then do multiplication and division from left to right

Lastly do addition and subtraction from left to right

Examples:

$$1 = (4 \times 4) \div (4 \times 4)$$
$$1 = 44 \div 44$$

Day 3

The 8 in the ten thousands place is a thousand times greater than the 8 in the tens place. $80 \times 1,000 = 80,000$.

Day 4

Each friend will have 2/3 of a sandwich.

Day 5

$$2\frac{1}{4} + 5\frac{5}{8} = 2\frac{2}{8} + 5\frac{5}{8} = 7\frac{7}{8}$$

$$3\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{3} = 3\frac{3}{6} - 2\frac{2}{6} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

Day 6

Example:

$$(5 \times 5) + (50 - 25)$$

Each example does not need to include all of the operation and fraction and decimal. Include fractions and decimals in some of your examples.

Day 7

One solution:

$$(5+3(2+4))+(5+3(2+4)).$$

Day 9

1/4 of the class went to the evening session.

Day 12

The area of the rectangle would be $5.5 \text{cm} \times 11 \text{cm} = 60.5 \text{ cm}$ squared.

Day 13

One solution:

$$22/10 + 32/5 = 53/5$$

Day 14

The wingspan of the California Condor is 9 ½ feet.

Day 15

Each person will have 7/8 of a pizza.

Day 16

The baker will use more than 5 sacks of flour.

Day 17

$$(6+6\div6) \times (6-6) = 0$$

Day 18

Example for first step: Player 1 draws a 9, 4, and 3 and writes it on her paper as 4.93 or 4.39. Example for second step: Player 1 draws a 6, 2, and 7. She writes it on her paper as 62.7 or 26.7 Example for third step: Player 1 adds 4.93+ 62.70 = 67.63 Continue to add the number they make to their last score. Play until one player reaches 300.

Day 19

The area of the pen for the puppy would be $6 \frac{1}{4}$ meters x 4 meters = 25 meters squared.

Day 20

Example:

$$2/3 \times 3/2 = 1$$

Day 21

Janet had a rope that was 2 meters long. She cut it into pieces that were **1/3** of a meter long. How many pieces of rope did she cut?

 $2 \div 1/3$ Janet had a rope that was 2 meters long. She cut it into pieces that were 1/3 of a meter long. How many pieces of rope did she cut?



Janet was able to cut 6 pieces of rope. To solve this problem I gave represented the 2 meter rope with green. The red represented 1/3 meter. I needed 6 red rods to match the length of two green rods. $2 \div 1/3 = 6$ or $6 \times 1/3 = 2$

Day 22

I went to the store and bought a lollipop for 25 cents and gave the clerk a dollar. My change would be .75 of a dollar.

Day 26

There are 8 pints in a gallon. So in 3 gallons there are 24 pints so the pitcher can not hold 25 pints.

Day 30

Suzie is baking some cookies. The recipe calls for 2/3 cup of sugar. She would like to cut the recipe in half. How much sugar will she need?

Day 31

Twelve children will get pizza.

Day 32

Example:

1.2 - 0.7 = 0.5

1.2 + 0.7 = 1.9

1.9 > 0.5

Day 35

It would take 10,000 days to spend 1,000,000 dollars. It would take over 28 years.

Day 37

Answers 49, 44, 39, 34, 29, 24, 19, 14, and 9.

Day 38

Before multiplying the first 2, complete the operations inside the parentheses using order of operations: $2\times(5+3\times2+4)=2\times(5+6+4)=2\times15=30$

You cannot remove the parenthesis and get the same value.

Day 39

The product of their ages in 25 years will be 1,406 (37 x 38).

Day 40

Since 60 is twice 30, the product 60×225 is twice the product 30×225 . We can write this as an equation:

 $60 \times 225 = (2 \times 30) \times 225 = 2 \times (30 \times 225)$.

Day 41

The first box is 2 centimeters high, 3 centimeters wide, and 5 centimeters long so it has volume 2cm×3cm×5cm=30 cubic centimeters and it holds 40 grams of clay.

The second box is 4 centimeters high, 9 centimeters wide, and 5 centimeters long so its volume is 4cm×9cm×5cm=180 cubic centimeters.

Since the volume of the second box is $180 \div 30 = 6$ times bigger, it can hold 6 times as much clay. So the second box can hold $6 \times 40 = 240$ grams of clay.

Day 43

You would receive \$8.15 in change from \$20.00.

Day 44

 $10.95 \div 1.5 = 7.3$ $2.1 \times 5.9 = 12.39$