

World Language Curriculum Grade 4 Spanish

Grade 4 World Language: Description

The primary goal of the Fairfield Public Schools World Language Curriculum is to prepare students to be lifelong learners in an ever changing global society by developing the ability "to communicate effectively and interact with cultural competence to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world" (National Standards in Foreign Language Education Project, p.11).

Students in the Fairfield Public Schools are immersed in a World Language program which emphasizes "knowing how (grammar), when (context), and why (purpose) to say what (vocabulary) to whom (audience)" (National Standards in Foreign Language Education Project, p.12). Emphasis is placed on the three communicative modes: presentational (written and oral language), interpretive (oral or written messages), and interpersonal (direct oral communication) and the study of culture, which is based on the relationship between product, practice, and perspective. Vocabulary development, functions and related grammatical structures and the exploration of culture are maintained through reading, writing, speaking, and listening activities throughout the program.

Aligned with the newly released National Standards, <u>World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages</u>, State Standards, and the AP Themes, our program introduces students to the target language and culture through authentic materials and real world application allowing learners to learn, practice, and apply their developing skills in spontaneous interactions and in non-rehearsed contexts.

The learner in **Grade 4** will:

- communicate information on a few, very familiar topics using simple words and phrases that have been practiced and memorized.
- recognize some familiar words and phrases from highly predictable oral or written texts.
- derive meaning from authentic texts that are extremely supported by visuals.

National Standards in Foreign Language Education Project (NSFLEP). (2015). World-Readiness standards for learning languages (W-RSLL). Alexandria, VA: Author. Retrieved from: http://www.actfl.org/publications/all/world-readiness-standards-learning-languages

World Language Standards for Learning Languages: Goal Areas and Standards (from the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages - ACTFL)

COMMUNICATION: Learners communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.

- Learners interact and negotiate meaning in spoken, signed, or written conversations to share information, reactions, feelings, and opinions. (Interpersonal Communication)
- Learners understand, interpret, and analyze what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety of topics. (Interpretative Communication)
- Learners present information, concepts, and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers. (Presentational Communication)

CULTURES: Learners interact with cultural competence and understanding.

- Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. (Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives)
- Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied. (Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives)

CONNECTIONS: Learners connect with other disciplines and acquire information and diverse perspectives in order to use the language to function in academic and career-related situations.

- Learners build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using the language to develop critical thinking and to solve problems creatively. (Making Connections)
- Learners access and evaluate information and diverse perspectives that are available through the language and its cultures. (Acquiring Information and Diverse Perspectives)

COMPARISONS: Learners develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence.

- Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. (Language Comparisons)
- Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own. (Cultural Comparisons)

COMMUNITIES: Learners communicate and interact with cultural competence in order to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world.

- Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world. (School and Global Communities)
- Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using language for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement. (Lifelong Learning)

Grade 4 World Language: Overview		
Course Essential Questions		
What are the pieces that make up my personal puzzle?		
Why is Madrid a great place to visit?		
How does what I like to do influence where I choose to vacation?		

Course Themes and Recommended Context

All World Language courses are theme-based, with selected themes based on the Advanced Placement Course

Global Challenges

- Economic Issues
- Environmental Issues
- Philosophical Thought and Religion
- Population and Demographics
- Social Welfare
- Social Conscience

Science and Technology

- Access to Technology
- Effects of Technology on Self and Society
- Health Care and Medicine
- Innovations
- Natural Phenomena
- Science and Ethics

Contemporary Life

- Education and Careers
- Entertainment
- Travel and Leisure
- Lifestyles
- Relationships
- Social Customs and Values
- Volunteerism

Personal and Public Identities

- Alienation and Assimilation
- Heroes and Historical Figures
- National and Ethnic Identities
- Personal Beliefs

- Personal Interests
- Self-Image

Families and Communities

- Customs and Values
- Education Communities
- Family Structure
- Global Citizenship
- Human Geography
- Social Networking

Beauty and Aesthetics

- Architecture
- Defining Beauty
- Defining Creativity
- Fashion and Design
- Language and Literature
- Visual and Performing Arts

Grade 4 World Language: Overview

Assessments

Assessments are based on students' ability to read, write, listen, and speak the language in both rehearsed and unrehearsed formats. Correct use of language functions is included in each type of assessment.

Students' progress will be measured with both formative and summative assessments. Common assessments will be used and analyzed by teachers of each course.

Teacher Resources

In addition to the approved text, teachers will use a variety of resources including authentic literature, videos, songs, and online periodicals.

Unit Title	Unit Topic (AP Course Theme)	Language Function	Related Structure/Pattern	Vocabulary
Unit 1	My Personal Puzzle: US	Ask and answer	What is your name?	Tier 1
	(Personal Identity)	personal questions.	My name is	Words and phrases
			How old are you?	related to identifying
		Comprehend and	I am #.	personal information.
		respond to personal		Example: age
		questions.	My favorite color is	
			I'm fine, thank you.	Tier 2
		Identify languages spoken.		Idiomatic expressions and language specific
			I speak Spanish.	vocabulary
		Describe the colors of	I speak English.	Example: My name is
		Spanish speaking		
		countries' flags.	It is <i>yellow</i> and <i>red</i> .	
		Express the need for required classroom		
		materials.	I need a pencil.	
Unit 2	Travel: Spain	Comprehend and	I'm going to El Prado.	Tier 1
	(Contemporary Life)	answer questions	I'm going at 10 o'clock.	Words and phrases
		related to where, when,	I'm going this	related to travel.
		and how.	afternoon.	Example: car
			I'm going by metro.	Tier 2
		Ask and answer "Where	I'm going to the	Idiomatic expressions
		are you going?" and	museum because it's	and language specific
		"Why?"	raining.	vocabulary
		*** ii y :	i duiting.	Example: It's sunny.

Unit 3	Leisure and Sports: México (Contemporary Life)	Discuss likes and dislikes.	I like I don't like	Tier 1 Words and phrases related to leisure time.
		Express when.	In the <i>summer</i> , when it's <i>hot</i> On Tuesday	Example: soccer Tier 2 Idiomatic expressions and language specific vocabulary Example: I like to play

Unit 1		
AP Theme	Personal Identity	
Topic	My Personal Puzzle	
Overview Unit # 1	Learners will explore what personal information makes up their identity. They will introduce themselves and learn about others. They will each create a passport that will serve as their portfolio of learning throughout fourth and fifth grade.	
Essential Question	What are the pieces that make up my personal puzzle?	
Unit Focus	Learners will: comprehend and answer personal questions. ask someone for his/her name and age. identify the languages they speak. comprehend useful classroom expressions. express the need for required classroom supplies. on a map, locate cities in the US with prominent Hispanic populations. identify Spanish speaking countries and their flags.	

ACTFL World-Readiness Standards For Learning Languages Emphasized in the Unit			
	1) Interpersonal Communication Learners interact and negotiate meaning in spoken, signed, or written conversations to share information, reactions, feelings, and opinions.		
Communication Communicate	Unrehearsed Speaking Example: Learners will ask and answer personal questions. 2) Interpretive Communication Learners understand, interpret, and analyze what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety of topics.		
effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple	Listening Example: Learners will listen to statements and expressions and choose the appropriate corresponding picture. Reading Example: Learners will derive meaning from a visually supported reading.		
purposes	3) Presentational Communication Learners present information, concepts, ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers.		
	Rehearsed Writing and Speaking Example: Learners will introduce themselves.		
Cultures Interact with cultural competence and understanding	1) Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. 2) Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners will demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between cultural practices and perspectives of the culture and the cultural products and perspectives of the culture. Example: Learners will identify flags from Spanish speaking countries and explain when and why flags are displayed.		

Connections	1) Making Connections
Connect with other	Learners build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using the language
disciplines and	to develop critical thinking and to solve problems creatively.
acquire information	Examples of connections to other disciplines:
and diverse	Social Studies: Spanish speaking countries
perspectives in order	2) Acquiring Information and Diverse Perspectives
to use the language to	Learners access and evaluate information and diverse perspectives that are available through the
function in academic and career-related	language and its cultures.
situations	Example: Learners will recognize that Spanish is spoken in many different countries around the world.
	1) Language Comparisons
Comparisons	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through
Develop insight into	comparisons of the language studied and their own.
the nature of	Example: Learners will inspect how to tell someone their name.
language and culture	2) Cultural Comparisons
in order to interact	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through
with cultural	comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.
competence	Example: Learners will identify similarities and differences related to the flags of Spanish speaking
	countries.
Communities	1) School and Global Communities
Communicate and	Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their
interact with cultural	community and the globalized world.
competence in order	Example: Learners will share the value of learning about other cultures.
to participate in	2) Lifelong Learning
multilingual	Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and
communities at home	advancement.
and around the world	Example: Learners will recognize how learning Spanish can expand their world.

Lesson Planning Components				
Language Functions	Related Structures/Patterns	Vocabulary Expansion		
Ask and answer personal questions.	What is your name? My name is			
	How old are you? I am #.			
Comprehend and respond to personal questions.	My favorite color is	Tier 1 Words and phrases related to identifying		
Identify languages spoken.	I speak Spanish. I speak English.	personal information. Example: age		
Describe the colors of Spanish speaking countries' flags.	It is yellow and red.	Tier 2 Idiomatic expressions and language specific vocabulary		
Express the need for required classroom materials.	I need a pencil.	Example: My name is		

Unit 2		
AP Theme	Contemporary Life	
Topic	Travel	
Overview Unit # 2	Learners will explore Madrid, Spain in Unit 2. They will create an itinerary for a day in the city depending on the weather by naming places they will visit and stating methods of transportation they will use. They will update their passports in Madrid, Spain.	
Essential Question	Why is Madrid a great place to visit?	
Unit Focus	 Learners will: locate Spain and its capital city Madrid on a map. list places to visit in the city of Madrid. choose appropriate means of transportation. identify how the weather impacts plans. indicate the time for each activity. ask and answer where you are going and why. 	

ACTFL World-Readiness Standards For Learning Languages Emphasized in the Unit			
	1) Interpersonal Communication		
	Learners interact and negotiate meaning in spoken, signed, or written conversations to share		
	information, reactions, feelings, and opinions.		
	Unrehearsed Speaking		
Communication	Example: Learners will discuss their plans for the day in Madrid.		
Communicate	2) Interpretive Communication		
effectively in more	Learners understand, interpret, and analyze what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety of topics.		
than one language in	Listening Reading		
order to function in a	Example: Learners will listen to a song and Example: Learners will read a museum website and		
variety of situations	demonstrate comprehension. identify the museum's hours of operation.		
and for multiple	3) Presentational Communication		
purposes	Learners present information, concepts, ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety		
	of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers or viewers.		
	Rehearsed Writing and Speaking		
	Example: Learners will share their itinerary for a day in Madrid.		
	1) Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives		
	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the		
Cultures	practices and perspectives of the cultures studied.		
Interact with cultural	2) Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives		
competence and	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the		
understanding	products and perspectives of the cultures studied.		
8	Learners will demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between cultural practices and		
	perspectives of the culture and the cultural products and perspectives of the culture.		
	Example: Learners will identify the importance and use of the metro.		

Connections	1) Making Connections		
Connect with other	Learners build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using the language		
disciplines and	to develop critical thinking and to solve problems creatively.		
acquire information	Examples of connections to other disciplines:		
and diverse	Geography: Layout of a city		
perspectives in order	2) Acquiring Information and Diverse Perspectives		
to use the language to	Learners access and evaluate information and diverse perspectives that are available through the		
function in academic	language and its cultures.		
and career-related situations	Example: Learners will evaluate the role of public transportation.		
	3) Language Comparisons		
Comparisons Develop insight into	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own.		
the nature of	Example: Learners will express time.		
language and culture	4) Cultural Comparisons		
in order to interact with cultural	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.		
competence	Example: Learners will reflect upon the role of public transportation.		
G 4.4	5) School and Global Communities		
Communities Communicate and interact with cultural competence in order to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world	Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world.		
	Example: Learners will share the highlights of their itinerary.		
	6) Lifelong Learning		
	Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.		
	Example: Learners will reflect on the benefits of travel abroad.		

Lesson Planning Components			
Language Functions	Related Structures/Patterns	Vocabulary Expansion	
Comprehend and answer questions related to where, when, and how.	I'm going to El Prado. I'm going at 10 o'clock. I'm going this afternoon. I'm going by metro.	Tier 1 Words and phrases related to travel. Example: car Tier 2 Idiomatic expressions and language specific vocabulary Example: It's sunny.	
Ask and answer "Where are you going?" and "Why?"	I'm going to the museum because it's raining.	Example: it is builty.	

	Unit 3
Theme	Contemporary Life
Topic	Leisure and Sports
Overview Unit # 3	Learners will plan a trip to México in Unit 3. They will consider their personal interests when choosing the destination. They will update their passports in México.
Essential Question	How does what I like to do influence where I choose to vacation?
Unit Focus	Learners will: • locate México on a map. • identify popular tourist destinations in México and locate them on a map. • outline what activities one can do in each tourist destination. • express likes and dislikes. • choose an appropriate tourist location to vacation in México based on interests. • list days of the week. • identify the four seasons.

World Readiness Standards For Learning Languages Emphasized in the Unit				
	1) Interpersonal Communication Learners interact and negotiate meaning in spoken, signed, or written conversations to share information, reactions, feelings, and opinions.			
Communication Communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.	Unrehearsed Speaking Example: Learners will talk about their likes and dislikes.			
	2) Interpretive Communication Learners understand, interpret, and analyze what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety of topics.			
	Listening Example: Learners will listen to statements regarding a trip to México and demonstrate comprehension. Reading Example: Learners will read a weather map and demonstrate comprehension.			
	3) Presentational Communication Learners present information, concepts, ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers or viewers. Rehearsed Writing and Speaking Example: Learners will describe their Mexican vacation.			
Cultures Interact with cultural competence and understanding	 Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied. 			
	Learners will demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between cultural practices and perspectives of the culture and the cultural products and perspectives of the culture. Example: Learners will identify how a calendar is organized and understand the cultural perspective of the organization.			

Connections Connect with other disciplines and acquire information and diverse perspectives in order to use the language to function in academic and career-related	 Making Connections Learners build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using the language to develop critical thinking and to solve problems creatively. Examples of connections to other disciplines: Science: Weather Acquiring Information and Diverse Perspectives Learners access and evaluate information and diverse perspectives that are available through the language and its cultures. Example: Learners will evaluate the popularity of certain leisure activities in Mexico.
situations. Comparisons Develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence Communities Communicate and interact with cultural competence in order to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world	 3) Language Comparisons Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Example: Learners will apply appropriate rules of capitalization regarding days of the week. 4) Cultural Comparisons Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.
	Example: Learners will compare and contrast popular leisure activities. 5) School and Global Communities Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world. Example: Learners will inform others of Mexico's tourist destinations. 6) Lifelong Learning
	Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement. Example: Learners will reflect on how their interests influence leisure activities.

Lesson Planning Components				
Language Functions	Related Structures/Patterns	Vocabulary Expansion		
Discuss likes and dislikes.	I like I don't like	Tier 1 Words and phrases related to leisure time. Example: soccer		
Express when.	In the summer, when it's hot On Tuesday	Tier 2 Idiomatic expressions and language specific vocabulary Example: I like to play		