

# Connecting Cubes with the Open Number Line · B12

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## Using Partial Products, Using Ten-Times

See B10 for details (page 20).

$$10 \times 9$$

$$11 \times 9$$

$$9 \times 9$$

$$10 \times 3$$

$$11 \times 3$$

$$9 \times 3$$

$$9 \times 7$$

# The Open Number Line · B13

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## Doubling and Halving

This minilesson introduces the doubling and halving strategy. The numbers keep the focus on automatizing the facts. Use a number line as a way to represent equivalence. Represent student strategies using leaps on the number line. At this point it should not be necessary to use a train of connecting cubes. Equivalent problems can be shown on the top and the bottom of the number line as shown on the diagram in Inside One Classroom, page 29.

$$2 \times 6$$

$$4 \times 6$$

$$4 \times 3$$

$$3 \times 8$$

$$6 \times 4$$

$$12 \times 2$$

$$24 \times 1$$

$$4 \times 7$$

$$2 \times 14$$

$$12 \times 3$$